

Basel II Pillar 3 Market Disclosure 31 December 2015

BASEL II PILLAR 3 MARKET DISCLOSURES - 31 DECEMBER 2015

CONTENTS	PAGE
CEO ATTESTATION STATEMENT	3
RISK MANAGEMENT	4
BASEL II PILLAR 3 MARKET DISCLOSURE	5 – 11

ATTESTATION BY CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER PURSUANT TO CAPITAL ADEQUACY FRAMEWORK FOR ISLAMIC BANKS (CAFIB - BASEL II) - DISCLOSURE REQUIREMENTS (PILLAR 3)

The risk disclosures set out in the Risk Management Chapter and Basel II Pillar 3 Market Disclosure are generally in conformance with the Bank Negara Malaysia Capital Adequacy Framework for Islamic Banks (CAFIB-Basel II) – Disclosure Requirements (Pillar 3) for the Group as at 31 December 2015.

SYED ABDULL AZIZ JAILANI BIN SYED KECHIK CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

Kuala Lumpur

Risk Management

Please refer to the Risk Management chapter of OCBC (M) Group.

Basel II Pillar 3 Market Disclosure

(OCBC Al Amin Bank Berhad – Position as at 31 December 2015)

The purpose of this disclosure is to provide the information in accordance with BNM Capital Adequacy Framework for Islamic Bank (CAFIB - Basel II) – Disclosure Requirements (Pillar 3) Guideline. This supplements the related information in the Notes to the Financial Statements.

Exposures and Risk Weighted Assets (RWA) by Portfolio

	EAD ¹ RM million	RWA RM million
Credit Risk		
Standardised Approach		
Corporate	-	-
Sovereign & Central Bank	4,126	143
Retail	792	757
Equity	-	-
Securitisation	-	-
Others	60	34
Total Standardised	4,978	934
Amount Absorbed by PSIA (STD Approach)	101	-
Internal Ratings-Based (IRB) Approach		
Foundation IRB		
Corporate	5,085	4,854
Bank	367	78
Public Sector Entity	20	4
Advanced IRB		
Residential Mortgage	2,227	415
Qualifying Revolving Retail	-	-
Other Retail - Small Business	2,740	1,563
Specialised Financing under Supervisory Slotting Criteria	55	67
Total IRB	10,494	6,981
Amount Absorbed by PSIA (IRB Approach)	952	1,005
Total Credit Risk After Effects of PSIA ²	14,419	6,910
Market Risk		
Standardised Approach		5
Amount Absorbed by PSIA		-
Total Market Risk After Effects of PSIA		5
Operational Risk		
Basic Indicator Approach		780
Total Operational Risk		780
Total PWA		7 605
Total RWA		7,695

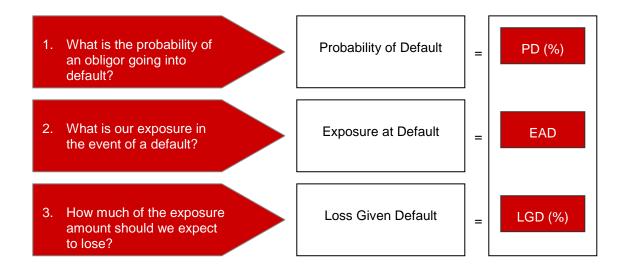
Note:

¹EAD refers to exposure at default after credit risk mitigation

² Refers to Profit Sharing Investment Account

CREDIT RISK

With Basel II implementation, OCBC Al-Amin Bank Berhad has adopted the Internal Ratings-Based (IRB) Approach for major credit portfolios, where 3 key parameters – Probability of Default (PD), Exposure at Default (EAD) and Loss Given Default (LGD) are used to quantify credit risk.



Credit Exposures under Standardised Approach

Credit exposures under standardised approach are mainly exposures to sovereign, debt securities, personal financing to individuals and other assets. Rated exposures relate to sovereign and debt securities while unrated exposures relate mainly to personal financing and other assets.

	EAD
Risk Weight	RM million
0%	3,823
20% - 35%	53
50% - 75%	304
100%	660
>100%	37
Total	4,877
Rated exposures	4,025
Unrated exposures	852

Note:

- 1. Exclude Equity
- 2. EAD excludes amount absorbed by PSIA of RM101 million

Specialised Financing Exposures under Supervisory Slotting Criteria

Specialised financing exposures include project financing.

	EAD	Average	
	RM million	Risk Weight	
Strong	-	-	
Good	-	-	
Satisfactory	55	122%	
Weak	-	-	
Default	-	-	
Total	55	122%	

Credit Exposures under Foundation Internal Ratings-Based Approach (F-IRBA)

Corporate exposures are mainly exposures to corporate and institutional customers, major non-bank financial institutions, as well as financing of income-producing real estate. Bank exposures are mainly exposures to commercial banks. Public sector entity exposures refer to exposures to administrative bodies of federal/state/local governments.

Corporate Exposures

	EAD	Average
PD Range	RM million	Risk Weight
up to 0.05%	185	31%
> 0.05 to 0.5%	1,015	48%
> 0.5 to 2.5%	1,833	96%
> 2.5 to 9%	781	155%
> 9%	169	192%
Default	150	NA
Total	4,133	93%

Note: Corporate EAD excludes amount absorbed by PSIA of RM952 million

Bank Exposures

	EAD	Average
PD Range	RM million	Risk Weight
up to 0.05%	175	10%
> 0.05 to 0.5%	142	26%
> 0.5 to 2.5%	50	46%
> 2.5 to 9%	-	-
> 9%	-	- ·
Default	-	NA
Total	367	21%

Public Sector Entity Exposures

	EAD	Average
PD Range	RM million	Risk Weight
up to 0.05%	20	18%
> 0.05 to 0.5%	-	<u>-</u>
> 0.5 to 2.5%	-	-
> 2.5 to 9%	-	-
> 9%	-	-
Default	-	NA
Total	20	18%

Credit Exposures under Advanced Internal Ratings-Based Approach (A-IRBA)

Residential Mortgages are financing to individuals secured by residential properties. Other Retail – Small Business exposures include financing to small businesses and commercial property financings to individuals.

Residential Mortgages

	EAD	Undrawn Commitment	EAD Weighte	ed Average
PD Range	RM million	RM million	LGD	Risk Weight
up to 0.5%	1,532	204	15%	10%
> 0.5 to 3%	493	31	16%	23%
> 3 to 10%	51	2	16%	62%
> 10%	124	7	16%	93%
100%	27	1	19%	5%
Total	2,227	245	15%	19%

Other Retail - Small Business Exposures

	EAD	Undrawn Commitment	EAD Weighte	ed Average
PD Range	RM million	RM million	LGD	Risk Weight
up to 0.5%	513	48	55%	26%
> 0.5 to 3%	1,075	56	48%	48%
> 3 to 10%	982	46	46%	73%
> 10%	93	#	48%	110%
100%	77	#	47%	125%
Total	2,740	150	49%	57%

[&]quot;#" represents amount less than RM0.5 million

Actual Loss and Expected Loss for Exposures under Foundation and Advanced IRB Approaches

Actual loss refers to net impairment loss allowance and direct write-off to the statement of profit or loss during the year. Expected loss ("EL") represents model derived and / or regulatory prescribed estimates of future loss on potential defaults over a one-year time horizon. Comparison of the two measures has limitations because they are calculated using different methods. EL computations are based on LGD and EAD estimates that reflect downturn economic conditions and regulatory minimums, and PD estimates that reflect long run through-the-cycle approximation of default rates. Actual loss is based on accounting standards and represents the point-in-time impairment experience for the financial year.

	Actual Loss for 12 months ended 31 December 2015	Regulatory Expected Loss (Non-defaulted) as at 31 December 2014
	RM million	RM million
Corporate	6	15
Bank	-	#
Other Retail - Small Business	38	54
Retail	4	4
Total	48	73

[&]quot;#" represents amount less than RM0.5 million

Exposures Covered by Credit Risk Mitigation

	Eligible Financial Collateral RM million	Other Eligible IRB Collateral RM million	Amount by which credit exposures have been reduced by eligible credit protection RM million
Standardised Approach			
Corporate	-	-	-
Sovereign & Central Bank	-	-	-
Retail	-	-	- ,
Others	-	-	
Total	-	-	<u>-</u>
Foundation IRB Approach			
Corporate	26	841	#
Bank	-	-	
Total	26	841	-

Note:

^{2.} Not all forms of collateral or credit risk mitigation are included for regulatory capital calculations.

^{3.} Does not include collateral for exposures under Advanced IRB Approach and Specialised Financing.

[&]quot;#" represents amount less than RM0.5 million

Counterparty Credit Risk Exposure

	RM million
Replacement Cost	
Potential Future Exposure	#
Less: Effects of Netting	- ·
EAD under Current Exposure Method	1
Analysed by type:	
Foreign Exchange Contracts	1
Benchmark Rate Contracts	- `
Equity Contracts	- ,
Gold and Precious Metals Contracts	- .
Other Commodities Contracts	- .
Credit Derivative Contracts	- .
Less: Eligible Financial Collateral	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Net Derivatives Credit Exposure	1

Note: Not all forms of collateral or credit risk mitigation are included for regulatory capital calculations.

MARKET RISK

Exposure, Risk Weighted Assets and Capital Requirement by Market Risk Type under Standardised Approach

	Gross Exposure		Risk Weighted	Min. Capital
	Long Position RM million	Short Position RM million	Assets RM million	Requirement RM million
Benchmark Rate Risk	37	37	1	#
Foreign Currency Risk	4	2	4	#
Equity Risk	-	-	-	-
Commodity Risk	-	-	-	-
Inventory Risk	-	-	-	-
Options Risk	-	-	-	-
Total	41	39	5	#

[&]quot;#" represents amount less than RM0.5 million

[&]quot;#" represents amount less than RM0.5 million

Benchmark Rate Risk in Banking Book

Based on a 50 basis point parallel rise in yield curves on the OABB's exposure to major currency i.e. Malaysian Ringgit, net profit income is estimated to increase by MYR8.4 million, or approximately +1.9% of reported net profit income. The corresponding impact from a 50 basis point decrease is an estimated reduction of MYR8.4 million in net profit income, or approximately -1.9% of reported net profit income.

SHARIAH GOVERNANCE

Non-Shariah compliant events refer to any events which are not in accordance with the rules set by the Shariah Committee of the Bank or by BNM's Shariah Advisory Council. In line with the Guideline on Shariah Governance Framework for Islamic Financial Institutions (IFI), the Bank is managing Shariah Non-compliance risk arising from its activities and operations.

Shariah Governance Disclosures Amount in RM million Non-Shariah compliant income Number of incidents Non-Shariah compliant events